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For purchasing information visit: Rust-Oleum CombiColor Original Gloss Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

**SAFETY DATA SHEET** 



7300 Combi-Color Finishes

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: 7300 Combi-Color Finishes
Product description	: Paint
Product type	: Liquid.
UFI	: S110-60TT-300A-SD2M

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Consumer use Industrial use Professional use		
Uses advised against	Reason	
None identified.	-	

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### **RUST-OLEUM EUROPE**

Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Supplier

Telephone number United Kingdom:: +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798Great Britain: 24 / 7

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 



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Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	:	P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	1	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics
Supplemental label elements	:	EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH208 - Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt. May produce an allergic reaction. EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : I	Vixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤0,3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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SECTION 4: First ai	d measures
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/sym	nptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	: No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Recommended by manufacturer (GB, 2009) [hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics] TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as hydrocarbon mixture (A) (197 ppm)). Form: Vapour.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Recommended by manufacturer (GB, 2009) [hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics] TWA 8 hours: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ((184 ppm)). Form: Vapour.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Recommended monitoring procedures	Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the
	measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	208 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	871 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	185 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	[Consumers] General population [Consumers]	Systemic

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	48,1 µg/l	-
	Marine	14,2 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	550,2 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	263,9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	249,4 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	121,4 µg/l	-
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25,6 µg/l	-
	Marine	7,6 µg/l	-
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	Sewage Treatment	64,7 µg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	70,3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44,3 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Individual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, th following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	s,

#### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® (0.65mm) nitrile rubber (0.5mm)
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 140)
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

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Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: -20°C [Literature]
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >160°C (>320°F) [Literature]
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0,6% Upper: 8%
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	<ul> <li>Closed cup: 40°C (104°F) [Literature]</li> <li>250°C (482°F) [Literature]</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
рН	Not applicable.
pH : Justification	: Product is non-soluble (in water).
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): 1000 to 2200 mPa⋅s [ASTM D562 [KU]] Kinematic (room temperature): 714 to 2340 mm²/s [calculated.] Kinematic (40°C): >20,5 mm²/s [calculated.]
Solubility(ies)	:

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Media		Result		
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.		
Vapour pressure	:	0,7 kPa (5,25 mm Hg) [calculated.]		
Evaporation rate	:	0,2 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Relative density	:	Not available.		
Density	:	0,94 to 1,4 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]		
Vapour density	:	>1 [Air = 1]		
Explosive properties		Non-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.		
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.		
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.		
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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5,7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15 g/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Skin

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Eyes Respiratory

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	skin	Rabbit	Not sensitizing		
Skin	: Based on availal	ble data, the classification criteri	a are not met.		
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Carcinogenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Specific target organ toxicity	/ (single exposure)	)			

#### **Product/ingredient name** Category **Route of Target organs** exposure hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% Narcotic effects Category 3 aromatics

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 7300 Combi-Color Finishes

Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Skin contact	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
		dryness
		cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts :	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,23 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	-
	Chronic NOEC 0,131 mg/l	Fish	-
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	4 hours
	Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	4 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	4 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 5,7 mg/l	Daphnia spec <i>ceriodaphnia</i> <i>dubia</i>	48 hours
	Acute IC50 1,87 mg/l	Algae - selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0,024 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,137 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,413 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0,33 to 0,78 mg/l	Fish - Rainbow trout (oncorhynchus mykiss)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,019 mg/l	Àlgae	7 days
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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

SECTION 12. Ecological mornation				
	Chronic NOEC 0,037 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0,082 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	7 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0,199 mg/l	Fish - Rainbow trout (oncorhynchus mykiss)	30 days	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	OECD 301B	>80 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
	OECD 301F	>80 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: This product h	as not been tested	for biodegra	idation.	•
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	)	Photoly	sis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	- Fresh water <28	days, 5 to 25°C	100%; < 80%; < 2	28 day(s) 8 day(s)	Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	5 to 6.5	-	High
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) zinc oxide neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	60960 177 15600	High Low High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	<ul> <li>This product is not likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its low vapour pressure.</li> </ul>

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Waste catalogue	
Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity 5L Special provisions 163, 367, 650 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E)	Special provisions 163, 367, 650 Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Remarks : $\leq$ 5L: Limited Quantity	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <u>Special provisions</u> A3, A72, A192

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk : Not available. according to IMO instruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

7300 Combi-Color Finishes			%	Designation [Usage]			
7300 Combi-Color Finishes			≥90	3			
Labelling	:	Not applicab	le.				
Other EU regulations							
VOC	1			2004/42/EC on VOC app ical data sheet for further i		efer to the	е
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	1			ce coatings. EU limit value aximum of 477 g/l VOC.	for this product : 50	00g/l (201	10.)
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed					
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed					
Ozone depleting substance	<u>)</u>						
Not listed.							
Prior Informed Consent (PI	C)						
Not listed.	_						
Persistent Organic Pollutar Not listed. Seveso Directive This product is controlled under			irective.				
Danger criteria							
Category							
Category							
Category P5c	:	Not listed					
Category         P5c         EU regulations         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -		Not listed					
Category         P5c         EU regulations         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -         Air         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -							
Category         P5c         EU regulations         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -         Air         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -         Air         Industrial emissions         (integrated pollution         prevention and control) -         Water	:	Not listed	les I, II & III (	hemicals			

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

<b>CN code</b> : 3208 10 90	00	
Inventory list		
Australia	: Not determined.	
Canada	: At least one component is not listed.	
China	: At least one component is not listed.	
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.	
New Zealand	: At least one component is not listed.	
Philippines	: Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	: At least one component is not listed.	
Taiwan	: Not determined.	
Thailand	: Not determined.	
Turkey	: Not determined.	
United States	: Not determined.	
Viet Nam	: Not determined.	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.	

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.